POEMS

292.034

BY

DR. ROBERTS

OF

ETON COLLEGE.

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M.DCC.LXXIV.

POEMS

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Da R O'B E R T S

TO

ETON COLLEGE.

LONDON:

Dined for J. W. contr. in <u>Pollicula Charleyard;</u>
N. P. v. at the Mowe-Cate, W. Runnistee, et
Rade: J. Wosenesen, at Cameridge; and J. Ports.
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M.DOC.LXXIV.

POETICAL ESSAY

ONTHE

EXISTENCE

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G O D

PART I.

Πις ευσαι γας δεί τον ωροσερχομενον τῷ Θεᾳ,

A NEW EDITION.

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TOTHE

Rev. Dr. BARNARD,

PROVOST OF ETON COLLEGE, &c.

SERVANT of God, thy Master's praise I sing;
Aid me, O aid me, while I touch the string:

Lend me one spark of thy celestial fire,

Thoughts that breathe warm, and numbers that afpire:

O shew me where the secret fountain lies,

Which freams of language to thy tongue supplies;

Teach me like thee to feel; and give, ah! give

One greater, nobler art; like thee to live.

O BARNARD, vers'd in wisdom's ancient lors,

And skill'd the depths of science to explore;

Whose well-tun'd ear rejects with nice disdain

The grating found of each discordant strain;

Accept this verse: beneath thine honour'd name

I screen no subject of obscurer fame:

Great is the theme; but oh! my fainting soul

Shrinks from her task, nor grasps this wondrous Whole.

Aid me then, aid me, while I touch the string;

Servant of God, thy Master's praise I sing.

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Which there of longwar to the length high

Day greater, mobile and, little that to have

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ARGUMENT OF THE FIRST PART.

General invocation-First Proof of the Existence of God, drawn from the Creation of the World-The Aristotelian System of the World's Eternity, an objection to that proof-That fystem flated-and refuted-Ift, From the lateness of History, Arts, Sciences, &c .- 2dly, From the imperfect flate of Geography-3dly, From the little alteration that is visible in those objects, which are subject to corruption and decay. - Second Proof of God's Existence drawn from the impossibility of any thing making itself-which introduces the Epicurean system-Epicurus's objections to the Wisdom of God in the Creation Stated-and refuted .- Third Proof of the Existence of God drawn from the force of Conscience-An Apostrophe to Con-Science.- Fourth Proof of the Existence of God drawn from universal Consent-instanced in Pagans-Mahometans-Christians - A Prayer for the Universality of the Christian Religion.

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PART I.

ONTHE

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THOU, who shrined in beams of purest light,

Encircled by the bright angelic host,

Thy ministers, survey'st whatever is

In earth, in highest heaven, Thee I approach

B

With

It was not the intention of the Author, either in this or the two following Parts, to introduce all the arguments, which have so frequently and forcibly been made use of on these subjects; but only to select those which seemed most adapted to a work of this nature.

With awful reverence trembling: toward thy feat
I stretch my dazzled eye, if thence a ray
Haply may dart across my feeble spirit,

* And touch my lips with fire. Then shall the Muse
Disdain all humbler themes; and soaring far
Above the vapours of this earthly sphere,
Sound an Arch-angel's trumpet, and proclaim,

Sceptic, if never yet thine eye furvey'd

You bright empyreal; if thy mind ne'er rov'd

O'er æther's spacious plains; look up, and tell

From what exhaustless stream the Lord of day

Drinks never-wasting fire; what hidden power

ISAIAH vi. 6, 7.

Wheels

Then flew one of the Seraphim unto me, having a live coal in his hand,—and he laid it upon my mouth, and faid, This hath touched thy lips——

Wheels the bright planets round their central orb? Who bids the filent moon with fober pace Steal o'er the serene azure; and with stars Spangles the vault of night? Who told the clouds To drop rich moisture on the thirsty soil? Who shap'd the lightning's nimble wing, and rais'd The thunder's awful voice?—At thy command, Great architect, at thy creative word, Up from the vast and shapeless chaos rose Harmonious order. Thee, Thee, mighty Lord, Even to the center of the formless void Confusion heard; and, with her thousand tongues, At thy strong bidding,' Discord sunk to rest. 'Twas then, then first, from Night's ungenial womb, With all her hills, her vales, and founding floods, This goodly Planet sprung: then first the earth

Smiled

his thy

els

Smiled with delicious verdure; fruit and flower

Scatter'd fresh odours thro the fragrant air;

The vast deep roar'd; and on the mountain's brow

The waving forest rear'd his stately head.

Or shall we rather say, this antient globe,

An emanation, which the Eternal Mind

By sate, not freedom, from his essence shed,

With him coæval, and with him to endure,

Runs on a ceaseless round?——Such was the tale,

That in Lycéum, by the hallow'd grove

Of Academe, the subtle Stagyrite

Told his admiring tribe; and drew their minds

From the First Good, First Persect, and First Fair,

To idle dreams of vain philosophy.

Dreams, which nor haunted on Hydaspes' bank

The frantic Brachman; nor Phoenician seers

a II

Vers'd in high pedigree, and antient lore;

Nor Memphian, tho the wonder-working Priest
In mystic symbols 'grav'd on many a stone
Her sabulous annals. Let proud Pekin's sons
Trace her dark records thro a thousand kings;
But shall that haughty empire date her birth
Ere Time his course began?—Go, ask of Earth,
Have thy steep hills for ever pierc'd the skies?

Ask of the Deep, if since his howling waves
Dash'd the rough rock, eternal years have roll'd?
Enquire, if Everlasting be his name?

* Where, if this globe's eternal, where are all

Her Kings, her Patriots? Where, alas! are all

Her antient monuments of arts, and arms,

Lucretius, Lib. v.

white the great fire

B 3

And

And tales of bleeding heroes? Shall we fay, Till Nimrod led his mighty bands to war, That never chief had hurl'd the pointed lance; Or drove the winged car? Did never bard, Till Amram's fon pour'd forth his raptur'd ftrains, Record past actions of the brave, and wise? Why unessay'd the deep, till toward her shore Aftonish'd Greece faw daring Cadmus spread His swelling fails, and from the Tyrian main Bring peace and science to her savage sons? Why did no fage explain, how the white ray, Refracted by dioptric glass, displays Hues indistinct before, till Newton came, Pride of Britannia's isle? Why flow'd the blood Unknown, till Hervey thro' the united veins Traced back its genial current to the heart?

Hark, how the heroes of imperial Rome Boaft their wide empire's univerfal fway To distant climes her conquering eagles flew, To Calpe's hills, to Thule's utmost shore, And Ganges, farthest oriental stream, Where rose the morn. But ah! in evil hour She found what multitudes, who ne'er had felt Her galling chain, were hid in regions dark Of ice and frost; till from their barren caves The populous North drove all her warrior clans From Wefer, and from Elbe, to Anio's bank, And Tiber's frighted stream?—Have we forgot, How, strange to tell, the wondering mariner, Far in the bosom of the western deep Found worlds unknown before; and from the top Of Andes, faw the Amazonian stream

Swoln

k.

Swoln by the tribute of expanded lakes, Rivers, and cataracts, thro forests wild Pour his broad floods, and in his rapid course Visit a thousand tribes ?-And shall we call That world eternal, whose undaunted sons Ne'er circled half her orb? or can we deem That everlasting ages could have roll'd, Ere some uncheck'd adventurer had defied The Hesperian foam, and to his hardy crew Shewn the rich tribute of Potosi's mines? Even yet much rests unknown. The day will come, When some sad ship shall roam the Southern main, With fails, and enfigns torn; and in the wide Expanse of roaring waters, far beyond Where the fun turns to visit northern climes, Braced by the Antarctic circle shall descry

Of diftant Europe 'cross the line shall send
Their thronging colonies, and disturb the rest
Of peaceful nations. Thee, Iberia, thee,
And thy false faith, some dying Motezume
Again shall curse, and, with his life, resign
His wrested sceptre to a stranger's hand.

Besides, that's not eternal, which the chance

Can alter, time corrupt, or force destroy,

Yet still remains, and fills the curious mind

With proofs of late creation. See what rocks,

What mountains rise, that cast their evening shade.

Far o'er the plain beneath: the part the wind

Sweep with its wings away; the earthquakes tear

Their yawning cliss; the Time from year to year

Working with stealthy, and invisible hand,

Moulder

Moulder their crumbling fides, they bend not yet
Their fummits to the vale. With all his fnows
Stands Teneriff; and Athos still o'erhangs
The Ægean, studded thick with shining isles,
Cyclad and Sporad. If those losty hills
Knew no beginning, tho ten thousand years
But one small grain impair'd, their names, their place,
Had long been lost; beneath the insatiate waves
Each atom wash'd away; *like that fam'd isle
Fancied of ancient fabulists, that with all
Her tower-crown'd cities, palaces, and fanes,
Sunk in the bosom of the Atlantic deep.

'Whatever is, hear Reason's voice, was made,
'Or increate. If increate, 'tis God;

If made, by whom? Or was itself at once

See Plato.

Maker, and work, productive, and produced? Vain sophistry! to some first plastic cause Trace then its birth, and that first cause, is God. For fay, could matter by inflinctive force Start into fense, and motion? Hast thou feen The cold dead clod wake into warmth, and life? Say, did old Ocean with capacious hand Scoop the deep channel for his roaring waves? Did the tall mountain by spontaneous act Lift his aspiring head; or did the moon By unimparted, and effential power, Mould her bright sphere, and point her silver shafts? Did the free Atoms, in fage council met, Debate where each fhould move? or did they float Thro tracts of endless space, till Chance contrived

This

This order, till from universal strife This universal harmony began? Who, that on some deserted coast beheld A stately pile with antique frieze adorn'd, Ionic, or Corinthian, who would fay That storms had torn it from the mountain's side With all its towers; or think the boifterous wind Haply had fix'd it on its folid base? Who, but would rather deem that painful art, Tho now a stranger to this filent shore, Had polish'd every column, every dome, The moulded architrave, and fretted roof? But who is He, that round you garden bends His steps, and with presumptuous tongue arraigns Jehova's works?—I know his hoary hairs;

The * Sage of Pleasure: with the sons of Greece

I mix, and listen to his impious tale.

- + 'Think not a hand divine could form that globe,
- Where scarce a trace of Wisdom may be seen,
- ' Of Goodness, or of Power. For part the fun
- With direct rays, and fire intense, denies
- 'To human use; or dark Cimmerian frost
- ' Has hid from mortal habitant: and part
- ' Vast lakes, huge rocks, rough thorns, and barren fands
- 'O'erspread; 'till man with patient care reform
- The stubborn earth, and tame the ungenial foil.
- ' Yet then, even then, when all his hopes are high,
- When ripening fruits expect the reaper's scythe,
- Oft he bewails the scorching heat; or weeps
- To fee the fummer's angry ftorm descend,
- ' And years of labour in a moment loft.
 - · Epicurus. + See Lucretius, B. 5.

[14]

- What mean those ministers of vengeance; gout,
- And racking stone, and fever's raging fire?
- Why shakes the South contagion from his wings;
- While Death, grim tyrant, with unerring hand
- ' Directs his dart unseen ?-On the bare ground,
- Like the poor shipwreck'd mariner, whom storms
- ' Have cast on some inhospitable shore,
- 'The new-born infant lies; thro many a moon,
- Helpless and weak, he wails his bitter lot,
- And each fad hour beholds his artless tear.
- ' Not so the tenant of the field : he quits
- " His parent's side, and wantons o'er the lawn
- Rejoicing: Earth for him spontaneous spreads
- Ambrofial banquets; and for him the brook
- ' Winds thro sequester'd vales his amber stream.'

Fool, wast thou present, when the Almighty funk Earth's deep foundations, and to Ocean faid, Here thy proud waves be staid; when first the Stars Chaunted their matin fong, and Angels cried ' Hofanna to the Highest?'-Thou wast not there; But WISDOM was .- Ere yet the earth was made. Ere yet the mountains were brought forth, or ere The day-fpring knew his place, at God's right hand She fat, his chief delight. She fat, and faw His spirit moving o'er the watry deep; Saw genial light, obedient to his call, Spring from the womb of darkness; she beheld The ground yield grass and herb, yield fruit and flower. And Man, imperial Man, the Lord of all, Rife from the dust. She faw that all was good, And with her voice divine stamp'd every work.

1,

Think'st thou the zone, that girds the torrid soil,

Untrod by human step? The pilot, born

Far from the sun's mæandring path, desies

The burning equinoctial: to the woods

Of hot Bornéo, to Guiana's shore,

He steers his prow undaunted. Oft within

The frozen circle of the Arctic pole,

He moors his vessel on some northern isle,

Greenland, or Zembla. There the shivering hinds

O'er their bleak mountains roam; nor wish to change

Their darkling twilight, and ungenial frost,

For brighter sunshine, or for milder skies.

What tho with thorns and fand the earth be spread,
Say, would'st thou banish painful industry?
Say, would'st thou wish, with folded hands supine,
Like thine own Gods to sit, and dose away

A life of fenfeless ease? What the the fform Oft blafts the planter's hope? drives not that from From the purg'd air the putrid pestilence. Stalking thro noon-day's heat? What the difease Infect the feeble frame? yet hence arise Cool thought, repentance, hence contempt of life, And eager hope, that fprings beyond the grave. Is death an evil? Tell me, would'ft thou drag A lingering dotage of eternal pain, And, thro succeffive generations, shake Thy hoary hairs, unhonour'd? or would'ft wish To fall, ere reason be matur'd by time; Ere each fair object, that around thee shines, Strike thy rapt foul with wonder? Think not then That man can ripen, as the beaft, that foon Arrives at perfect growth, and foon decays; Nor judge from Parts unknown, this wond'rous Whole. Thus

Thus Heaven, and Earth, declare their Maker's praise:

Nor these alone; but in the human breast

A faithful monitor the Almighty placed,

A witness of Himself.

Come then, the fcene

Of frantic mirth is o'er: the focial bowl,

The midnight frolic, and the fcornful jeft,

Are gone; thy youth is past, thy strength decay'd,

And all the partners of thy wanton hours

Are sunk in shame, and sorrow, to the grave,

Come, tell me, did a self-convicted soul

Ne'er check thy guilty joys? Did that blest Spirit

Who o'er the sinner's penitent mind distils

His precious balm, ne'er interrupt thy peace,

'Mid the rude sallies of unholy mirth,

And impure passion; while the still small voice

Of Conscience, made the hour of solitude

To thee more hideous, than the filent watch Of midnight to the fleepless eye of pain, Or pining care? O Conscience, heavenly guide, Thou, 'mid the ftorms, and tempelts of the world, 'Mid the rude blafts of chilling penury, In tears of wee, in death's alarming hour Spread'ft round the good man's couch thy fheltering wing. And all is peace: But oh! how tharp the pang, When in the finner's agonizing heart Thou piercest deep, and driv'st the guilty wretch Far from the confines of tumultuous joy To scenes of melancholy, and black despair! But whence these boding doubts? Why shrinks the foul From future ill? If no superior Power Claims homage, why do fancied evils fcare The heart of wisdom, that to crafty tales

C 2

Ne'er

Ne'er yielded tame submission? Gracious Lord, 'Tis Thou, that in the finner's breaft dost move With kindlieft influence: 'tis thy tender rod That heals his foul with medicinal wounds: The voice of Conscience is the voice of God. Thee, universal King *, thy peopled earth, Thro every region, every tribe, adores. And the rude Ignorance, with barbarous rites, And uncouth gestures, howls her hymn of praise; Tho fenfeles idols, or created lights Of heaven usurp thine homage; yet to thee Their voice is rais'd; to thee their incense smokes; To thee in grove and vale their temples rife. With feathery crown, and flaming gems adorn'd,

out it is below to be wife.

Nulla gens usquam est, adeo contra leges moresque projecta, ut non aliquos Deos credat.

The gaudy Mexican from cups of gold

Pours out the captive warrior's reeking blood

At Vitzipultzi's shrine; while, with loud shouts,

In mystic maze the virgins of the Sun

Dance round the bleeding victim. Near the banks

Of Zaara, whence the merchant, dreadful trade!

Comes fraught with slavery to Caribbean isles,

The tawny African o'er Ocean's stream

Spreads forth his arms; on bended knee implores

The howling winds; and begs the storm to drive

The cruel Christian far from Congo's coast.

Where Esperanza to the Indian main

Extends its rocks, the filthy native bows

With humblest reverence to the Moon: From her

He asks ripe fruits, and fertile seasons mild;

And ever as the swells the impetuous tide,

li-

With

With antic dances, and rude carol, greets

Her rifing beams. On rich Golconda's walls

Ten tedious nights, and ten long fleepless days,

The self-tormented Bramin sits; if FO

Well-pleas'd behold his pain, it recks not him

That torn with hooks of steel his mangled stess

Pours streams of blood, or from his burning head

With livid light the spiral stames ascend.

See, where the turban'd Caliph o'er the fields

Of fertile Syria spreads wide-wasting was

And famine: nor can groves of ravag'd palm,

Olives and figs, nor desolated vines

That crown'd the brink of Pharphar, lucid stream,

Nor widow's piercing shriek, nor orphan's tear,

Melt his obdurate soul: for not the lust

Of frantic power, or empire unconfin'd,

A

But burning zeal, and hope of future blifs,

Arm him with tenfold fury. On he goes

Till vanquish'd millions glut his righteous rage;

Then weeps all profirate o'er Mohammed's tomb.

While Victory washes from her savage hands

The blood of slaughter'd holls.

, svolle find sal . Thefe, mighty Lord, A

These all the Being, and the Power adore,
The Name unknown. Not so in those blest climbs.
Where the deat Son has sear'd his cross. For us not.
He left the regions of eternal day;
While all the host of Angels carel'd round.
Glory to God on high. From east to well.
Swift as a sun-bram dante, the tidings flew.
Of covenanted salvation. Scepter'd kings.
In vain conspir'd to check its rapid course,

And

And Perfecution drew her flaming fword: Thy Word, great God, prevail'd .- O may it foon O'er unenlighten'd realms its beams diffuse! Then, to his long-lamented home reftor'd, The wand'ring Hebrew shall rebuild the walls Of facred Salem, and on Calvary's top Adore his fuffering Lord, The feast of love, The banquet of remembrance dear, shall rife In wild favannas, and 'mid boundless woods. Then the fierce Arab, that now prowls for prey O'er scorching sands, shall drink the cup of life, Purg'd in baptismal streams; and every tribe Of favage, Indians, in the house of prayer Kneel with meek faith, and fhew Thy Kingdom come.

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POETICAL ESSAY,

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PART II.

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ARGUMENT

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General address to the Deity-I. On the UNITY of God .-On Polytheism-On Idolatry-instanced in the conduct of the Ifraelites-The Manichean doctrine of two first Principles refuted-2. On the ETERNITY of God-on the destruction of the idols, and oracles, in the Heathen world-3. On the OM-NIPRESENCE-4. On the OMNIPOTENCE of God-extended over the whole creation-particularly over Man-instanced in the destruction of Pharaoh, and the settlement of the Ifraelites in Canaan-in the case of Nebuchadnezzar-God's power exhibited in the Sea-5. On the OMNISCIENCE-6. On the WISDOM of God-in the production of various animals-in the formation of Man-in the faculties of the human mind-7. On the GOODNESS of God-shewn in the animal world-in the vegetable-in the change of feafons-in the various products of various countries—in providing berbs, &c. for medicine-8. On the VERACITY of God-frewn in fulfilling the predictions of his Prophets-q. On the JUSTICE of God-the unequal Distribution of Good and Evil an objection to the Justice of God-that objection answered-The same objection enforced-answered again, by shewing that all these inequalities will be adjusted bereafter-exemplified in the story of the Rich Man, and Lazarus-10. On the MERCY of God -the office of Mercy to soften the Severity of Justice-The Redemption of Man undertaken by Christ-His Mercy in his life-and at his death. PART

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PART II.

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D.

ng transport that the property of the second

OD is, and God is ONE; the first, the last,

'Immutable, immortal, infinite;'

His wonders who shall tell? His hand supports

The * golden chain, that links a thousand worlds.

His undivided effence fills the realms

2 Inche Revolus. Hom. Il. vili. 19.

Of time, and boundless space: His eye surveys

Effects far distant, ere their causes rise:

His all-pervading mind disdains the help

Of equal, or inferior: He unmix'd,

Unaided, undirected, uncontroul'd,

Reigns sovereign o'er his works, and reigns alone.

Ere yet the Sun of righteoufness dispell'd

The clouds of popular error, not a hill,

But on his secret top, nor tusted grove,

But deep within embowering shades, enshrined

A tutelary Power. Fauns hence, and Nymphs,

Oread and Dryad, and that rabble rout,

Pan's sylvan court: besides what deities

Of mightier name, renown'd in ancient Greece,

Or Phrygia, or Etruria's gloomy vales,

Claim'd general homage o'er the spacious earth,

Where

Where fam'd Alpheus washes Pifa's plain, Arm'd with his lightening stood Olympian Jove, Of Gentile gods fupreme. The Thracian bow'd To Mars, ftern King of war. The vaft domain Of waters earth-encircling Neptune held, His lot; while Pluto, pityless tyrant, ruled The fleeting subjects of his nether world. O ignorant of truth! One only Power Rolls his loud thunder thro the lowering fky, With lightening wing'd: the fame dread Lord of Hofts Directs the spear, and on the warrior's thigh Girds the strong sword of conquest: roaring winds, And all the tempests of the stormy deep, Obey his voice; and at his vengeful wrath Fallen Seraphs tremble in the realms of night. Ah! faithless Judah! could'st thou then forget

The ffretch'd-out arm that clave the Red-fea waves, That rain'd down Manna on thy wandering fons, And led thee thro the pathless wilderness Far from the house of bondage? The sweet land, That flow'd with milk and honey, nectar'd streams, Refresh'd thy weary feet. But oh! what mean Those shouts of dissonance, and frantic mirth, Round you grim idol? See thy daughters bow To devils! See, thy princes bend the knee To Moloch, and to Dagon! Soon, too foon, Shall fad captivity, and a stranger's land Receive thee: foon thy harp untuned shall hang By Babylon's proud waters; never more, Till feventy tedious moons have twelve times waned, To fing the fongs of Sion. God shall rife, And vindicate his name; he will not deign

c . . .

To share the facrifice of prayer, and praise;

For He is ONE; God ever, God alone.

Yet some there are, who say, two Principles,

Equal in power, in nature opposite,

Divide the world; Author of evil this,

And that of every good: that one with frofts,

And noxious mildew blafts the ripening fruit;

Lets loose the rage of famine, and of war,

Of tyranny, and wide-wasting pestilence;

Firm foe to man, prompts the desponding mind

To deeds of desperation; arms with steel

The dark affaffin of the midnight hour;

And in the full-fwoln vessels of the foul

Pours luft, and rage, and rancorous envy: while

The Rival of his reign with gentle showers

Waters the thirsty foil; o'er ravag'd fields

D

Sende

Sends peace, sends plenty; from contagious mists

Purges the winnow'd air; the drooping spirit

Revives with hope's strong cordial; blunts the point

Of the drawn dagger; and distills the dew

Of soft aff. ction o'er the melting heart.

But shall not this divided kingdom fall?

Shall not the world, by adverse powers convuls'd,

Shake to the center? Or substift its laws

Immutable by everlasting strife?

O fountain pure, from whose original stream.

To beast, to man, and all the angelic host,

Flows life, thy being inexhaustible.

End, nor beginning bounds. The motley crew.

Of idols, Ashtaroth and Baälim,

Are sled: no more the Syrian damsels weep.

Their lost Adonis; and the frantic maid.

about 1

No

N

V

No more hears Delphi, central rock, refound

With oracles obscure: Dodona's oaks

Stand silent; and deserted is the sane,

Where dwelt Ammonian Jove. But Thou art still

The same thro endless ages: earth's strong base

Thy hand suff laid, and scoop'd the vault of heaven.

Earth's base shall sink, and the high vault of heaven.

Shall melt away; but Thou shalt ay endure.

Thro the vast regions of unbounded space,

O'er all thine elements, o'er all thy worlds,

Thine essence spreads. What the the sumer see

To forest dark, or thickest grove, retired.

From human sight? thy never-sleeping eye

Pierces the gloom, and marks his devious path.

What the he curtain round his pillow'd head,

Wrapt in the folds of sleep? about his couch

Thou art; to Thee the darkness and the light

Shine

Shine with one blaze, and night is clear as day. O whither then, fay whither shall he go From thy pervading presence? Shall he foar To heaven's high towers? but there enthroned thou fit'ft: Or shall he fink into the deep abyss, There, where the roots of earth and ocean grow. Unfathomable? vet still thy spirit broods O'er hell's dark womb, and fills the vacant gulf. Great is the Lord. He, nor confin'd by place, Spirit ætherial, nor by fate controul'd, Displays the glories of OMNIPOTENCE, The wonders of his might. When from his throne He darts the forked lightning; when his voice Speaks in loud thunder to the fons of earth; Huge Ocean trembles thro his world of waves; The cloud-capt mountains smoke; with all his trees,

togil ode has showed not son I' or gran Cedar,

Cedar, and pine, the lofty forest bows.

But Man undaunted stands amidst the shock

With vacant, unregarding eye: He fears

Nor rattling elements, nor all the bolts

Of vengeance, the suspended, soon to fall

With threefold force on his devoted head.

Stop, Pharaoh, stop. Behold the waves return:

Hark, how the mighty waters round thee roar!

While you vile slaves, safe landed on the beach,

Defy those idle threats: the Arabian gulf

Shuts close, and swallows thee with all thine host.

Fear not, O Israel, sear not: to the land,

(Whence Jacob led thy great progenitors,

To Goshen, fruitful soil,) shalt thou return.

There shalt thou find nor famine-blasted plains,

Nor waters prison'd in the steely rock;

But

u,

But from each pore the gufhing stream shall flow To flake thy thirst; the olive, and the vine, Shall weave their twifted foliage round thy head, On, Ifrael, on, Fear not or Eglon's king, Or Sihon, or the giant form of Og, Lord of the herds that range o'er Basan's hill: Fear not, tho all the powerful monarchs leagued, Even from the river (that in Eden flow'd, Watering the tree of knowledge,) to the fea, With waving banners, and confederate spears, Breathe vengeance. 'Tis thy God, that leads thee on: 'Tis He shall quell the force of Ammorite, And proud Philistine; He shall speak, and strait The fun shall stop to hail thy victory, While half the nations of the aftonish'd earth Shall howl in mid-day darkness. In the land,

1 1

The promis'd land, thy kings shall sheath the sword,
And all thy fons, and daughters, rest in peace.

But what is that, which o'er the spacious mead (Where Tigris and Euphrates, mingled freams, Hafte to the Persian sea,) moves slowly on, And pastures forrowing on the verdant grass? Is that the great Nebassar? is that he Who round the towering walls of Babylon Ten thousand chariots drove; who to the spires Of facred Salem led the embattled hoft; Who defolated Jordan's fertile fields, And laid God's favour'd temple in the dust? Alas, how fallen! Learn hence ye great, ye vain, Learn hence, ye fovereign monarchs of the earth, How impotent your power. The King of kings Laughs all your pomp to fcorn, and blafts the pride Of visionary conquest; whether thro

Wide pathless woods ye seek the intrenched soe,

Or tempt the perils of the roaring deep.

With floating pennants, and expanded fails,

Safe in her port the gallant veffel rides.

From every fide the winding coast resounds

With sestive shouts: the creaking anchor's rais'd;

The ship no more is seen: far, far from shore,

Secure 'tis bounding o'er Biscaya's bay,

Or thro the straits Herculean. But behold

The storms and winds arise, the rains descend,

From heaven's wide gate the thunder roars amain;

Where, where is now her strength? ah! what avails

The stout oak, harden'd by Norwegian frosts?

What profit now tough cables, towering mafts,

And all the brazen instruments of war?

Tis God, that bids his clashing elements

Confound the pride of man. See, where the deep

Yawns wide! the ship, with all her freighted crew,

Down sinks, and not a wreck is left behind.

As one, who first surveys the unbounded main,
Pacific, or Hesperian, stretches far
His aching eye to where heaven's concave arch
Bends to the waves, yet still nor all the expanse,
Nor depth conceives; so labours the weak spirit,
That in the bounds of mortal intellect
Strains to compress OMNISCIENCE. Who shall scan
Thy knowledge, wondrous Lord? or how shall dwell.
That vast idea in created mind?
For not an atom heaven, or earth contains,
Not one wing'd word, no thought, yet unconceiv'd,
Is hid from thee. The tengue, the heart is thine;

And in thy book was written every limb

While yet unfashion'd in the plastic cell.

From the small insect, that escapes the search

Of microscopic eye, threall the tribes

Of this full-peopled globe, thro every stage

Of sense, of instinct, or of intellect,

To man's imperial race, God's WISDOM shines;

But chief in him, the last, the noblest work.

Yet boast not, Man, thy well-compacted frame,
Thy symmetry of shape, thy graceful limbs;
How, each to each adjusted, all perform
Their proper functions; boast nor strength in fight,
Nor swiftness in the race. Can'st thou o'ertake
The towering eagle in his course? or bid
The famish'd lion crouch within his den,
Scared by thy listed arm? 'tis Mind, 'tis Mind,

That o'er each bird, which cleaves the liquid air. O'er every beaft, that ranges wood, or wild, Exalts thee: there in express characters Great * Elohim's hand his own bright image drew. From each fair object to the enthroned Soul, Like rivers, that with tributary floods Increase old Ocean's ever-flowing stream. The SENSES, faithful ministers, convey Their vivid images. The liftening ear Sounds pleafing, or of harfher diffonance, Leads through her ductile channels: hence if fife, And sprightly clarion pour their martial moods, Rekindling ardour fires the warrior's breaft, Panting for fields of glory. Down the cheek

and allower and the energy at

[•] In the Beginning God [Elohim] created the heaven and the earth.
GEN. I. 1.

Of penfive Pity drops the melting tear, When the foft lute draws out in plaintive tone Her pauling notes of forrow. The keen eye, That darts from earth to heaven, each object scans, Hill, vale, or fhady grove, and on the mind The justly-represented landscape paints In tints of livelieft hue. So on the bank Of some clear stream the wondering shepherd stands, And in the mirrour of the level lake Sees woods, and lawns, exactest portraiture, Reflected to his view. 'Tis thus the SOUL, Herself unmoved, receives her various stores. Then JUDGMENT with flow art, and patient skill Sorts each from each, disjoins, unites, compacts In aptest symmetry; while sportive WIT With random hand confounds his painful toil;

And fmiling, to the fancy strait presents From grave, and gay, from light, and darkeft shade, One motley picture. Soon the Mind, o'ercharg'd With rich ideas, feeks a calm repose: And to the MEMORY's faithful care commits Her still-increasing treasures; there for hours, For years they reft in filence, till drawn forth By fit occasion. Hence remembrance dear Of friends long loft confoles the penfive breaft: Hence the fweet scenes of innocence and youth, Renew'd by recollection, please again: Vain else were human learning, human art, Vain all the ties of gratitude, and love. Far as the flaming walls, creation's bound, Beafts wild, or tame, that o'er the forest range,

Or crop the flowery mead; the finny race,

n to respond to

And

And that Leviathan, who wont to fport In oceans of thick ice; the birds, that fail O'er the clear azure on expanded wing, All, all declare thy GOODNESS. Now the grove Shoots forth luxuriant foliage, and the earth Flowers of a thousand dies: 'Tis Spring; and soon Swart Summer, waving with his ripen'd fruits, With shining hook will arm the reaper's hand. Next Autumn comes: He, with impurpled foot Shall tread the prefs, and from the full-fwoln grape Extract delicious juice: 'tis he shall stain Each verdant leaf in tints of brownest hue, with all ! Till boisterous Winter with his giant hand Shakes the difmantled forest, where each branch Shines spangling to the sun with hoary frost. Each change how regular! By God's command

bank.

Alternate

Alternate seasons mark the varied year.

He, universal parent, still sustains

All that his word created: fix'd on him

Is every eye; and from his open'd hand

Flows liberal plenty o'er the sons of men.

Not that each soil, or in degree, or kind,

Boasts the same produce. Thro wide fields of rice

Roam the parch'd hinds of India; mantling vines.

Spread their foft tendrils o'er Burgundian hills.

Sweet is the fragrance which the evening breeze.

From orange woods, on Lufitania's shore,

Wafts to the western waves: joyous the sound

When Britain's labouring fons have strip'd her fields,

And fing their harvest done. 'Tis hence each land

By mutual intercourse, commercial bond,

The wants of each supplies, What the nor gold,

Nor diamonds flame beneath the Northern fky. Nor trees weep odorous gums, yet think not hence That God with thrifty hand with-holds his flores From half his fons, and scatters o'er the rest His partial favours. He, to rouse the mind By deeds of bold emprize, gave to each land Her separate bleffings. Hence o'er Albion's seas Rides the proud vessel, fraught with richest stores Of Afric, or the new-found continent. Even in the wilderness his hand has spread A plenteous table; even the filent brook, Mantled with creffes, to the poor man yields At once his beverage sweet, and wholesome food. But not with fruits, and wholesome food alone, Sweet to the taffe, and pleafant to the eye, Earth's lap is fill'd: in fickness, as in health,

bar laina wito

O'er all extends God's falutary care. With toil some step the peasant climbs the brow Of fome tall mountain: there with skilful hand Culls every herb, each plant of healing power, Steep'd in the morning dew. Where the highest sun Darts beams direct on Lima's filver mines, The fcorch'd Peruvian from the bleeding tree Strips medicinal bark, and o'er the wave Sends health, fends vigour, to the diffant fons Of Britain, queen of waters. From the cave Of hollow rock, from earth's all-teeming womb, Bursts in full tide the life-dispensing stream, Sulphureous, or chalybeate. Strait the bloom. Of rofy health o'erfpreads the blufhing cheek; Strait the wan virgin, that thro many a year Had pined with flow decay, again revives To scenes of sportive mirth, and tales of love.

Hear, hear, O Heaven, and thou, O Earth, give ear, 'Tis God that speaks. 'Yet once more will I shake 'The land, the sea, the nations.' Thus proclaims The eternal King: O tremble at his voice, Created worlds; his TRUTH shall never fail. By him inspired the Seer survey'd the womb Of dark futurity. The gaping croud Stood round, and liften'd to the ecstatic strains In blank aftonishment: but ripening time Matured each act, and gradually display'd Scenes long foretold. Thus fell proud Babylon, Thy scourge, O captive Israel; thus the walls Of fea-girt Sidon; thus Phænician Tyre; Thus within Solyma's devoted gates Were heard dire shrieks of horror: round her trench Hover'd the Latian eagle; in her walls Raged fell fedition. Famine urged to deeds .

Of frantic violence: till, her temple fallen,
Her warriors slain, completed all her woes,
In the sad hour of each predicted curse
Sion, the pride of cities, Sion fell,

Fix'd is God's throne on the adamantine base

Of JUSTICE: in his hand is pois'd the scale

That weighs his creatures, and to each awards

What each deserves. Whence then the different lot

Of man and man?—Scorch'd by the summer's heat

The panting peasant toils the tedious day,

Till, shadows length'ning from the mountain's brow,

His turs-built cot receives him: there he tears

From the reluctant ground his slender fare,

And drinks the stagnate waters of the pool,

Then on his couch of straw he sleeps till morn,

And rises to his labour. Near him stands,

E 2

Embosom'd

Embosom'd in you wood of tufted trees The palace of his tyrant lord: for him A thousand coursers neigh; o'er pastures rich The milk-white heifers bound; the menial train Observe his nod, and wait his high command. Yet look once more; that peafant, hungry, poor, Who fows, who reaps, yet taftes not of the fruit, With conscience light, and spirits ever gay, Hies whiftling o'er the woodlands: coarse his meal; But nature asks not better: hard his bed; But found his flumbers: while his pamper'd lord Sleeps not, the firetch'd on cygnet's down. Remorfe Drives in his mangled spirit her hooks of steel, And each forc'd fmile is clouded with despair. Yet some there are, whose unrelenting souls

The flings of conscience wound not: On they go

Thro

Thro life's gay flowery path, nor heave one figh, The tribute to their own, or others' woe. Secure they riot in the pride of health, And bathe in golden streams. Such once was He. To fate whose palate ocean pour'd his stores, And earth unlock'd her caves: in thankless ease He lived, he died; nor lifted once a prayer To Him, the giver of all. With upcast eyes And folded hands, still patient the in pain, Fast by the barr'd inhospitable gate Sat pining Lazarus; he fat, and ask'd In the meek tone of modest poverty, The humble pittance of some broken meal, The refuse of his board, but ask'd in vain. Nor all his piercing cries, nor bleeding wounds, Nor famine, staring thro his haggard eyes,

E 3

Could

Could melt the spirit of obdurate pride; He died unpitied. Where was JUSTICE then? Slept she? or did the scabbard hide her sword, Canker'd with ruft? Yet, sceptic, pause awhile; Arraign not heaven's decrees; the scene is chang'd. See'ft thou that horrid dungeon drear, and dark, Whence pestilential vapours taint the air. And livid flames ascend? See, there he lies, Writhing in agonies, and parch'd with fire; See there he lies, that rudely from his gate Push'd the poor pathless wanderer. He the while Wafted to realms of blifs on angel's wing Looks down, and drops a tear. Yea, mighty Lord, Fuft are thy works, and righteous all thy ways.

The day will come, when each shall meet his doom:

But who shall stand its coming? Virtue's self

Shall shrink appall'd, and tremble at the frown Of all-confuming Justice. Still remains The last, the only refuge. Near the throne Of God stands MERCY. She on bended knee, With outstretch'd hand, averts the vengeful fword Of Justice, rais'd to strike. The King of heaven Beholds her, and approves. He bids her rife; Wipes from her eye the sympathetic tear, And owns her powerful influence. Soft the dew That evening sheds on Hermon, favour'd hill; Soft are the strains, when Pity fooths Despair; Yet fofter, Lord, thy mercy. But in vain; Stern Justice claims her due: the word was past Irrevocable: the high beheft was given: Man fell, and Man must suffer. Who, oh! who Shall interpose? What facrifice shall bleed?

For

or done.

For fin so foul what victim shall atone?

If none, then all is lost.

'On me, on me,

Exclaim'd the fon of God, 'on me alone

- Let all thy wrath be pour'd: theirs was the offence,
- Be mine the punishment.' He spake, and left
- The golden city's hyacinthine walls;

And thro the middle of the eastern gates,

Hewn from one folid emerald, as he pass'd,

The Angel bow'd obeisance. Earth receiv'd

Her gracious visitant. By him subdued

Legions of spirits accurs'd their mangled prey

Reluctant quitted, and with horrid yell

Howl'd hideous: touch'd by him the palfied hand,

Long wither'd, felt his genial warmth return,

Rev. xxi.

Circling thro every vein. He spake, and strait

From the thick silm was purg'd the visual ray.

Aw'd by his potent word, the grave op'd wide

His marble jaws, and yielded back to life

His putrid dead. But what could all avail?

Insulted, scorn'd, betray'd by those he lov'd,

He fell. Yet bleeding on the accursed tree,

While the last breath hung quivering on his lips,

His Mercy still endured. Towards heaven he cast

The last faint glances of his closing eye,

Forgive them, O forgive—He bow'd, and died.

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APPITEON'A

POETICAL ESSAY,

ONTHE

PROVIDENCE

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PART III.

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PROVIDENCE

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ARGUMENT OF THE THIRD PART.

Epicurus denies the Providence of God in the government of the world .- The opinion of some other ancient Philosophers on that subject .- The Providence of God proved, 1A, from the regular motion of the heavenly bodies—the fatal confequence of any change in that fystem-2dly, from the Atmosphere-3dly, from the revival of every thing after Winter-preceded by a description of Winter. - The imposfibility of vegetation, &c. being restored by Chance-4thly. from the propagation of animals, exemplified in birds, beafts, infects .- The Calamities, to which the human race is exposed. would be destructive of the species, without the intervention of Providence-instanced in Diseases-Pestilence-Famine -War-which introduces the 5th proof of God's Providence in repairing this havock - by the propagation - by the prefervation of Man.—The consideration of God's preserving Providence, matter of comfort to Men under the severest afflictions .- Impossible to judge of the whole scheme of God's moral Providence from a partial view of it .- The Conquests of the Romans an instance of God's Providence, who made use of them as instruments, to prepare Mankind for the reception of Christianity .- The Gift of Tongues-the Propagation of the Gofpel-the declenfion of it, where it formerly flourished-parts of God's plan of Government-A particular Providence afferted-exhibited in a more vifible manner in the preservation of Empires-in none more than that of Britain. PART

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PARTIII

ONTHE

PROVIDENCE

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 $\mathbf{G} \quad \mathbf{O} \quad \mathbf{D}$

- From mortal, or immortal, where the voice
- Of prayer is never heard, nor rolls one cloud
 - Of fragrant incense, sits the placid God,
- Or stretch'd on Amaranthine beds, dissolves

- In peaceful flumber; there, if haply rous'd
- By roaring whirlwind, or the thunder's peal,
- Wakes to ambrofial banquets, quaffs the bowl
- Of nectar, beverage sweet, press'd from the fruit
- Of those unfading trees, that mantle round
- " Heaven's floping hills, then finks to reft again,
- Wrapt in the folds of sleep: For sleep is ease;
- And ease is happiness. To wing the storm,
- To point the bolt of vengeance, still to fit
- With vigilant eye, lest fraud, or force affail,
- " Is this the talk of Gods? are these the joys
- Which death shall never end? then happier they,
- " Heirs of an hour, who fall to rife no more."

Thus spake the Athenian; he who taught, that Chance,

Scattering her random atoms thro' the void,

Compos'd this wond'rous Whole. Vain Sage! can Gods

Delight

Delight in apathy, or fenfual blifs. Contented even to be? O happier far, O far more glorious, o'er the fons of earth, O'er all the tenants of a thousand worlds To pour fresh bleffings; to create, preserve, To govern with impartial fway; to check With deserv'd chastisement the lawless acts Of violence, of opprefficit; and to wreathe in Salaria Bright flaming crowns of * vegetable gold. The guerdon fair of virtue's patient toil! Canst thou, convinc'd that Deities exist, Canst thou deny their Providence? Go then, Ask the + Milesian, if the darkest deed Trease Heal chair confirmation Deac. Lane is the Vite Place in

'An' dynam derdeter Pind. Olymp. 2.

[†] Thales.— Hentrot vic durer, is abou sode distante diase; dan't diarougus of for.

Diog. Labar. in Vit. Thal.

That ever Night wrapt in her fable veil;

Ask, if the dawning of the simplest thought,

Escape that Ancient of eternal days,

The *unbegotten God? Ask of the sage,

On whose soft lips Hymettian bees distrilled and mode of the share of the same of

V

E

^{*} HPEZBYTATON TWY OFTON OSOG APENNHTON pap. IBID.

Afte the + Afternoon if the day was and north

I "Outras δὲ καὶ Θεὸς ἐφορᾶν τὰ ἀνθρωπίνα. DIOG. LAERT. in Vit. Platonis.

^{§ —} fore ut ad extremum omnis mundus ignescat, cum, humore consumpto, neque terra ali possit, &c. — Crezzo de Nat. Deor. 2.

[&]quot;Eğader di nös jen wegine Xujuéror to KENO'N antigor.

DIOG. LAERT. in Vita Zenonis.

Some casual blast, or hears that * plastic Mind
Which made, which moves, which rules the junited frame?

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d

There are, who say, that natural causes act the side of the By general laws; that he, who form'd this whole, of the Stamp'd matter inert with such inherent powers, of the That the in essence passive, yet impell'd the bound of By this original force, it still moves one passive and the Unalter'd, unimpair'd: that not a cloud to minimal the Bursts from the cleft horizon, but receiv'd transverse.

Its special mandate, ere bright Hesper rear'd transverse.

His evening torch, or spheres began to roll.

Would bush, and marchy again count.

^{*} Mundum habere montem, quæ et fe, et ipfum fabricata sit, et omnia moderetur, moveat, regat, &c. Cic. Ac. 2.

^{† &#}x27;Er de τῷ πόσμο μηθὲν ἔιναι κενόν άλλ' 'HNΩ ΣΘΑΙ ἀυτον.
DIOG. LAKET. in Zenon.

There are again, who think that every wheel, Whose motion speeds thro space this vast machine, Is still adjusted, as occasion calls, and and an armit By God's directing hand.—His care appears Alike confpicuous, whether from the first He framed this All, that not a part should need the His interpoling power; or whether yet Orb within orb he guards, lest haply one, Lawless may deviate from its proper path, the state of the Extravagant, Then fatal were the shock Of difuniting elements; the world, Tho now fast bound by gravitation's chain, and and Would burft, and anarchy again return. Behold you Sun, thron'd in meridian height, Fountain of fire, round which fix wandering stars For ever roll, and eager to approach

With force centripetal, due distance keep, By adverse force reftrain'd: quench but that light, And univerfal darkness shall involve Creation's wide domain. Tho now their times, Their rounds ordain'd those planets all absolve, Check, or accelerate their speed, the sun Will steep them in a lake of liquid fire, Or madly they will stray exorbitate Beyond the zone of Saturn. Ill, O earth, Ill would it fare with thee: thy fruits, thy flowers, And all that vegetates, and all that lives, One petrifying blaft would fmite to the root, And feas, that roll beneath folfitial heat, Freeze to their center. See'ft thou near the Bear, Or in the Galaxy, fast by the crown Of Cepheus, scepter'd king, with streaming light,

That

That sweeps meteorous half the space of heaven. You roving comet? let him shoot transverse, Thwarting the Ecliptic, where the convex globe Rolls in her annual course, earth, air, and seas Will blaze in dire combustion: Is it Chance That curbs his speed, and tells him where to roll? O, no; the expanse of heaven God's praise proclaims, The firmament his power: day tells to day, And night to night, his providential care. Above, around, the ambient air is spread, Dense, or of rarer texture: thro each pore The elastic fluid wins his easy way, Invisible; change but the incumbent weight, Expand it, or compress it, less, or more, What then, or who shall breathe? Behold the Moon; Nor cloud, nor rain, her atmosphere deforms:

Nor

Nor mifty fog, fave fuch as nightly rife From this dank globe, obscure from mortal eve Her vales, and lofty mountains. Give but earth That uniform ferene, and all that moves Shall fink annihilate. Exhalations rife. Nor dewy vapours hover round in vain; Hence life to beaft, to man: 'tis God commands, And storms, and raging winds, his word obey Stern winter chills the world. From fnow-top'd hills, Hæmo and Rhodopè, the sharp North blows, And drives the naked Thracian to his cave. Or from those rocks of thick-rib'd ice, where roams The shivering Savoyard, with intenser cold Sweeps o'er Grenoble's champain to the streams Of Ifere, and the Rhone. Now to his sledge, Where Lapland confines on the Chronian main,

The

The blighted native yokes his rein-deers; they O'er many a league of fnow run panting on From Kola to Warfuga. To the wind The crackling forest roars: the leastess elm Spreads o'er the frozen stream her bare broad arms; And that tall oak, which on the mountain's brow Three hundred fummers flood, beneath whose shade Fathers, and fons, had led the ruftic dance, Falls ponderous down the riven precipice, Uptorn. Returning from the Bothnian gulph The failor in the horizon's utmost verge Oft spied her top rejoicing; on the helm, Britain,' the pilot with loud shout exclaim'd, And, 'Britain,' all the exulting crew replied. Shall Nature's chearful face no more be feen ? Shall frost eternal bind the barren earth,

And mock the toil of man? or shall blind Chance Call from the teeming foil, fruit, herb, and all Her vegetable stores? The putrid clod Now foftens by mild Zephyr's tepid breath, And down from hoary hills the melted fnow Falls in far-founding cataracts. The blade Shoots thro the loofen'd glebe: on the foft green, Aching from defolation's ravag'd fcenes, The wearied eye reposes. O'er the main, Lured by the genial breeze, the feather'd tribe, That fled for shelter to a milder sky. Return spontaneous. Now thro every grove They chaunt their nuptial fong, and in the depth Of fome close-tangled brake, or on the fide Of coving cornice, or beneath the tile,

Safe from the dropping eaves, suspend their nest, Ingenious artists. Could the dainty hand Of her, inventress of mechanic powers, and additional to the second seco Minerva, or Cecropian Pallas nam'd, Vie with these heaven-taught architects? With wool, And twifted hair, some line their downy beds, And weave their walls with moss: others with clay. More hardy, pave the floor, and fence the fides With platted twigs; while birds of smaller wing Arch o'er their heads a pendant roof, to fave Their unfledg'd brood, which ill could bear the damp Of April's chilling showers, These all obey God's first command, Increase and multiply; These for their new-hatch'd offspring, or from plain, Or pathless wood, or from the sedgy fide

Of stagnate pool, select their slimy food : ----

All but the * Offrich: the, poor thoughtless bird,

Leaves her neglected eggs, nor recks it her

Tho fome deep-laden camel, or the foot

Of cafual pilgrim crush them. Yet even these

Not unregarded lie: the genial fun was were A was a land

With rays prolific warms them, till the birds

Burst from their shell, and soon outstrip the course

Of swiftest Arab on his fiery steed,

Behold the fwarms that wing the liquid air,

Or people the green mead! The niggard ant,

Sagacious infect; the flow-creeping fnail,

That bears her ponderous house from bough to bough,

The loyal bee, the spider, that beneath

Some lonely rafter weaves her fine-fpun woof,

• Jos xxxix, 14.

And millions more, that in this ample world

'Unnotic'd and unnamed claims each his place,

God's general plan fulfil. By him impell'd

They propagate their flock; by his command

They drive each bold invader from their young,

Arm'd with new courage by parental fear.

But who, O Man, who shall preserve thy kind?

From Plague, from Famine, from the avenging Sword,

What shall protect thy race? Shall active Chance

Repair the breaches of devouring war?

Shall Chance supply fresh stores to propagate

Successive generations? With the feast,

Where riots jocund youth, Intemperance

Mixes his subtle poison. In the blood,

Till waken'd by maturing time, the seeds

Of many a mischief sleep; and from the sire,

O.A.

1 77]

With life imparted, to the fon descend, A maintain 19'O Fatal inheritance | joint-racking gouts nicht !! Confumption, cankering on the virgin's cheek, to mad W And moping melancholy, and frantic rage, and fibru nA That spurns controuling reason: and what else From accident on flood, or tented field, mineral bal I Severs the mangled limbs. But who shall count The corfes, reeking to the putrid air, and a lation ad I When born on Auster's wing the pestilence as and 10 Visits afflicted nations? Such as once it still was tady of When the destroying Angel smote the tribes Of humbled Ifraël, what time Jeffe's fon naming and From Ascalon to Gilead, from the mount Of northern Lebanon to the Afphaltic lake, the good Number'd his populous hofts. Such too the scene, When Lacedaemon pour'd her hardy troops O'er

O'er mourning Attica. Such in thy freets. Augusta, Britain's pride, the shrieks of woe. When the dead citizens ffrew'd every path, An undiffinguish'd heap: the famish'd hounds igon he A Bark'd diftant; and the hungry birds of prev Fled screaming to the woods for purer air, the biods word

Nor these alone the dangers, that beset dans of the same The mortal pilgrim, wandering thro the vale Of tears, and pain, and forrow, yet upheld and and w By that invisible hand, which still supports in the Man's feeble race, and from extinction faves His undiminished progeny: for fee The fruits are blaffed in their bud; the boughs Droop with their fickly leaves; the barren earth. Impenetrable by fun, or foftest shower, and his danual Hoards all her stores; as when the Ægyptian dearth,

Reveal'd

Reveal'd by two prophetic visions, spread and on based al To Beersheba from the land of Nile, the said to grow? And the great Patriarch, with all his tribes, and more Settled in Ramefes. Nor lefs the grief, and I believed When by the brook of Cherith rayens fed of red lin and T The wandering feer, till in Sarepta's walls as all bal O He found the cruife of never-walting oil, a handant an I Shelter'd beneath the hospitable roof dall ? ? and on all Of that Sidonian, who for his repast made to be may and Pour'd forth with liberal hand her scanty stores. But who, oh who, shall the dread landscape paints W Of defolation, when the lawless fons hald O node bal Of war come pouring o'er the cultur'd plains, 1979 quant Tartar or Coffac, and in one short hours and like dis W Confound the toil of ages? Now the din Of clashing armour, helm and plated mail,

Is heard no more; but engines fraught with fire Sweep o'er the field whole legions! * Now, even now, From North to South, to Marmora's white cliffs white Convuls'd Europa from the Baltic shakes was an boling? Thro all her kingdoms. In the crouded freets in the Of fad Byzantium to each mosque repairs air braw and The turban'd multitude, and every dome and band off Re-ecchoes 'Allah Allah !' Now prepares of bistled? The vengeful Spaniard vet again to rouse inobid that 10 The fleeping rage of Britain, and renew wanted brown War's bloody business. But, great Lord of hosts, And thou, O bleffed messenger of peace, moissions io Knap every spear in twain, and fill their souls on the 10 With mild benevolence, and focial love the Dro ratio T Confound the toil of Agest Now the din

Written in November 1776, mris 2nichals 10

He, mighty God, whole providential eye! alolved and Looks down upon the meanest of his works, de brooks at 'Midft every natural, every moral ill, a bod and abloded Preserves the human race. He sows the seeds to coline Of charity, that melts the obdurate foul time and and tolk He draws by fecret cords the ductile heart ve today today Of fex to fex. When now the purple glow and a son il Spreads o'er the virgin's cheek, for fome foft youth She fighs in fecret; all the tender names and allow old W Of mother, and of fifter, please no more: do a son drive On him her hopes are fix'd; with him the longs via sal To travel hand in hand down life's fleep vale, of tanto And share with him health, sickness, bliss, or woods V O happy they, whom tenderest love unites a baol and TO In bonds connubial, where each thought is spelt, it bak Each wish prevented, and each glance explain'd hid W

G

But

But lawless lust has quench'd the nuptial torch
In discord's bitter streams. The impatient dame
Beholds her Lord with alienated eye,
Smiles at the scoss of same, and quits her house,
Her babes, without a blush, without a tear.

But what avails to propagate the race,

If none preserve? Say, can the new-born child.

By reason, or by strength, direct his way.

While weak the tottering body, while the mind,

With not a character engrav'd, presents

One universal blank? Yet then thy hand,

Great God, supports his steps, and guides his feet.

Vainelse were human skill; vain all the care

Of the fond mother, who with downcast eye,

And smiles of tenderest love, bends o'er her babe,

Whispering low strains that sull to soft repose.

Thus he who made, preserves: the common fire Of all, for all provides. What the the fig Fall unconcocted from the blafted bough; Tho sweltering Sirius scatter thro the land Disease, and rank contagion; the the din Of war ring dreadful on the clanging shield, Still thou rejoice, O Man: thy Maker reigns. And yet, mysterious are the ways of heaven: God's counfels dark. He, thro a regular maze Of causes, all connected, tho unseen, Conducts each great event. From age to age By flow gradation imperceptible It still advances; till arrived at last To full perfection, it displays the depth Of that unfathom'd wifdom, which contriv'd, That Providence, which, watching every step,

Finish'd

Finish'd the wond'rous plan. The sons of men,
Whose puny generations pass away
In quick succession, and fill up the time
'Twixt the commencement, and the accomplish'd end,
See but one link of that stupendous chain,
And wonder what supports it; but at length,
The whole compleat, each well-adapted part,
Each nice dependence, each connection just,
Appears in full proportion, and broad light.

What means Quirinus? Shall those lowly huts
Change to imperial towers? Those vagrant clans,
The shame, the refuse, of each nation round,
To conquerors of the world? Vain thought! and yet
So wills the King supreme. The Gabian yields,
The Tuscan falls, the Sabine joins his powers,
And even from Arno to Tarento's gulph

MALANT

All Italy obeys. Yet what avails? Beyond the confines of the middle feather than he had Nations remain unconquer'd. Spread the fails: Stretch to the Libvan shore; great Carthage there, Skill'd in commercial arts, and bold in war, in land 16) Defies thy threats; great Carthage falls. And now The towering Eagle o'er Numidia's fands, and the same of the same O'er Ægypt's fertile fields, o'er Persia's sea, To Indus, and to Ganges bends his flight. Thence, to north-west, thro Edom's palmy groves He circles all the Levant coaft, and o'er The Ægean waves, from leffer Afia's hills, O'er Greece, o'er Thrace, and humbled Macedon, Directs his airy path, and, as he flies, was loved a language. Bids every vanquish'd nation bend the knee To Rome's majestic tyrant. Science too

Darted

Darted her bright beams on the Latian towers, And with foft manners humanized the foul. and board *Twas hence to many a favage lawless horde The generous conqueror gave the refin'd arts Of focial life, and taught them what the rights Of civil polity, the charities of testing personal was solved Of fweet domestic union. Thus compact In one great empire, bound by every the hard The To Of fear, of love, of mutual interest; to line aubal of The kingdoms bow'd to Rome, But whence, O whence, This grandeur, fuch as ne'er before was known In Babylon, or Niniveh's proud walls, Names fam'd of old? Say, were these mighty deeds, Unparallel'd even in romantic tale, die print and about The genuine fruits of more than mortal strength? Or was it He, the Capitolian Jove,

2.00

Sand C

To whom thine incense smoked, that bound thy spear With victory's green palm, and bade thee lead Reluctant monarchs up the facred hill, an amount state w To grace thy pompous triumph? Roman, no; That idol, which thy superstitious foul Fear'd and adored; that idol, which thine hand Hew'd from rough stone, or cast in fusile gold, Had ears, but heard not; nor could all thy force Have rear'd that column of imperial power, But that the God, who moulds the ductile heart, And fways man's will, to his own glory turn'd Thy pride, thy martial rage: He chose thee out, An instrument most apt, to execute the reduced in the His gracious purpose, and with all thy states, With all thy tributary thrones, receive billman had The messenger divine of peace and love,

He came; the wond'rous flory foon was known In every nation, and in every clime, and a straight do W. Where Rome had rais'd her banner. Hark! what means That roaring found? Was it a northern blaft was all Rushing impetuous from his feven-mouth'd cave? No; 'twas the Spirit spake; it was the voice bus benefit Of inspiration. There the faithful sat, Waiting their promised Comforter; when each Unpractis'd in a foreign phrase, at once Spake every language; nor in accent strange, And dialect uncouth, as one who first and and bak Holds painful converse in a stranger's land, But in peculiar diction, and fweet tones Harmonious. In mute filence stood the croud, And marvell'd what it meant; Arabians, Cretes, Phrygians, and Elamites, and they who foread

From

From Tigris to Euphrates, and the flaves Of Cappadocia, Lydians, Parthians, Medes, And tenants of Cyrene, torrid foil. Are these, faid they, and on each other gaz'd In awful admiration, thefe the words Of rude, unletter'd peafants? are these they, The pilots of the Galilean lake, which and milated ... Who plied their humble craft, and bent their oar. 'Undisciplin'd in science? does the art Of potent magic, of Theffalian spells, Cheat our deluded fense with fancied founds? Or has new wine inspired their specious tongues With random oratory? It is not art Cheats our deluded sense with fancied sounds; Nor is it wine inspires: for scarce three hours Have pass'd, since first the morn with orient light

Dawn'd

R carriers b.u.

- Dawn'd o'er you hill of Olives; and the voice
- 6 Of fober reason, of persuasive truth,
- Pierc'd our relenting hearts. Ye holy men,
- Yes, we confess that Jesus rose again,
- That your Messiah reigns. Ye holy men,
- Lead us, O lead us, to some hallow'd fount,
- And in baptismal water purge our souls,
- 'Till we be pure as ye.' They spake, they bow'd

With lowlieft reverence, and to diffant climes

Proclaim'd the wond'rous tale; while Antioch faw

The faithful Patriarch of the rifing feet

Unite his votaries in their master's name.

But oh the change ! Tell, gracious Governour,

Tell, for thy ways are hid from men, and all

Thy counsels, like thy throne immoveable,

Are wrapt in clouds and darkness, why, where once

Repenting

L'among.

[90]

Repenting nations at the feast of love Sat, and remember'd their departed Lord, Reigns Mecca's bold impostor? In those streets Whence the great Constantine with holy zeal Drove Rome's barbaric idols, Christian, tread With cautious step; rude hisses shalt thou hear, And favage taunts malicious. Syria weeps and web ted Y To fee the crescent streaming thro her vales ; world And Abana, transparent flood, that wash'd Full many a convert, rolls her mournful tide, Lamenting the fad change. Even from the verge of W Of that bleft monument, where lay the bones Of his sepulcher'd Lord, the Saracen lo and and of and With cruel rage, and fcorn indignant, drove The way-worn pilgrim. Then, oh then, in vain Fought lion-hearted England, and France spread

His focial fails: in vain fout Godfrey rear'd His banner, while ten thousand crosses blazed Thro' all the faithful fquadrons: still prevail'd The infulting Infidel. - And yet the day Shall come, when every nation of the earth most small Shall bend with reverence at their Saviour's name. That day knows no man: He alone can tell, Who, with wife providence, and fovereign fway, Conducts, controuls, accelerates, delays, watch bak Events, conceal'd from mortals; He alone, Who bade four thousand summers roll, or ere He fent his Son, the promis'd long before Even to the fire of men, when to bleak feenes He led his weeping tempter, doom'd to toil, Nor dared look back on Eden's blooming bowers. has dend all samed and to There

There are, who own that o'er the general plan, The first great Architect, intent to guard His favourite works, yet watches, but disdains The partial care of each. Mark then the event: Of Individuals Generals are composed: If one exists, unnotic'd by the eye Of heaven, why not another? why not all? In that vast volume, where recorded lie Creation's acts, in fairest characters Is register'd whate'er was made: nor bone, Nor vein, nor branching finew, but is rang'd In order due: nor hair, nor colour'd plume, Nor infect's painted wing, but in its page Is class'd, and claims protection from its God. And shall not he, who numbers all his stars, Who counts each fand, and every wave that rolls, Explore

Explore the human heart? The Lord of All Is Lord of every one; his hand is firetch'd O'er each; each feels his providential care. But chief o'er States his tutelary power Extends. Some fink, an unrelifting prey To despicable conquerors; others stand, The human skill, and mortal succours fail, Safe 'gainst united legions. Thus fell Rome; To refcued freedom thus Batavia rais'd Seven focial altars; thus Britannia fits, Thron'd like a scepter'd Sovereign, in the midst Of tributary feas. Thou, gracious Lord, Full oft haft faved her from the invader's arm, From anarchy's wild uproar, from the chain Of galling servitude. Thou, when the land, By civil discord torn, saw half her sons

Photograff.

Lie weltering in their blood, her nobles flain, Her monarch in the dust, thou didst remove, Safe from the usurper's arm, the shelter'd branch Of blafted royalty, and in due time Transplant it to the hereditary throne, When tyranny, and democratic rage Yielded to peace, and order. Thou, when zeal, And frantic bigotry untied the bonds Of plighted faith, and from his forfeit crown Exil'd her fovereign, on the vacant feat Didft place that Guardian Monarch, who fecured, Safe from each inroad of despotic sway, Her fair inheritance. O may'st thou still Protect this isle! Pour all thy bessings down On HIM, THY PEOPLE's SHEPHERD! O defend Our laws, the wisdom of a thousand years!

Preserve

Preserve thine altars; let that holy flame, Fed by the blood of many a martyr'd Saint, Blaze with unclouded lustre. Long the yoke Had gall'd our fathers: from his awful chair, Fenc'd by an host of Monks, and bearded Friars, The Pontiff fulmin'd o'er the proftrate world, Infallible; nor ceas'd, till all the rights Of civil, of religious freedom, bow'd To venal dispensation. Then arose The unbending spirit of Luther. He alike Disdain'd the Papal, and Imperial threats, and to his wondering votaries first display'd Those facred treasures, long, too long conceal'd, The covenants of falvation. Albion faw The glorious struggle of Germania's sons, And caught the facred fire. Ah! bloody Queen,

Ah! woman, that, with unaverted eye, Could'ft view the pityless flames wrap round the flesh Of age, and innocence, let me not write Thy name, nor blot my chafte page with a curse Call'd on thy gloomy Spaniard! Drag'd, fad fcene! Drag'd by his hoary hair, old Latimer Embraced the fire; while Ridley, by his fide, Confoled the venerable fage, and fell Exulting, the in pain. Confin'd in imoke The fullen flame confum'd by flow delay Meek, patient Hooper; while, with steady look, Undaunted Cranmer o'er the fatal pile Stretch'd his apostate hand. Ye murder'd saints, Once faithful feeders of your mafter's flock, But now the feal'd of God, your race is run, Great is your meed in heaven. Yet oh! look down, Nor

H

Nor spurn the praise of men, from whose freed souls
Ye shook Rome's galling shackle. Oft to you
Posterity shall raise the choral hymn;
Still shall your acts survive, ye saithful band,
In memory's grateful records. For the sea
Shall sooner round their ramparts cease to roar,
Sooner their isle shall in the Southern main
Fix her deep roots, than Britons e'er sorget
That saith, those rights, for which their fathers bled.

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A POETICAL

A

POETICAL EPISTLE,

TO

CHRISTOPHER ANSTEY, Efq;

ONTHE

ENGLISH POETS,

CHIEFLY THOSE, WHO HAVE WRITTEN IN BLANE VERSE.

Si fapis, ad numeros exige quidque suos.

POETICAL EFFETTE.

THE CHARLES AND THE CONTRACTOR

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THOTHELLO MA

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A

POETICAL EPISTLE

то

CHRISTOPHER ANSTEY, Efq.

O not in rhyme. I hate that iron chain,

Forg'd by the hand of fome rude Goth, which

cramps

Reluctant Genius, and with many a fold

Fast binds him to the ground. Shall the quick thought,

That darts from world to world, and traverses

The realms of time, and space, all fancy-free,

Check'd

Check'd in his rapid course, obey the call

Of some barbarian, who by sound enslav'd,

And deaf to manly melody, proclaims,

"No farther shalt thou go"? Pent in his cage? The imprison'd eagle sits, and beats his bars;

His eye is rais'd to heaven. Tho many a moon Has seen him pine in sad captivity,

Still to the thunderer's throne he longs to bear. The bolt of vengeance; still he thirsts to dip

His daring pinions in the sount of light.

Go, mark the letter'd sons of Gallia's clime,

Where critic rules, and custom's tyrant law,

Where critic rules, and custom's tyrant law,
Have fetter'd the free verse. On the pall'd ear
The drowsy numbers, regularly dull,
Close in slow tedious unison. Not so
The bard of Eden; to the Grecian lyre

He tun'd his verse; he lov'd the genuine muse,

That from the top of Athos circled all

The clustering islands of the Ægean deep,

Or roam'd o'er fair Ionia's winding shore.

Poet of other times, to thee I bow

With lowlieft reverence. Oft thou tak'st my soul,

And wastst it by thy potent harmony

To that empyreal mansion, where thine ear

Caught the soft warblings of a Seraph's harp,

What time the nightly visitant unlock'd

The gates of heaven, and to thy mental sight

Display'd celestial scenes. She from thy lyre

With indignation tore the tinkling bells,

And tun'd it to sublimest argument,

Sooner the bird, that ushering in the spring

Strikes the same notes with one unvarying pause,

Shall

Shall vye with Philomel, when the pursues Her evening fong thro every winding maze Of melody, than rhyme shall footh the foul With music sweet as thine. With vigilant eye, And cautious step, as fearing to be left, Thee PHILIPS watches, and with tafte refin'd Each precept culling from the Mantuan page, Difdains the Gothic bond. Silurian wines, Ennobled by his fong, no more shall yield To Setin, or the strong Falernian juice, Beverage of Latian chiefs. Next THOMPSON came: He, curious bard, examin'd every drop That gliftens on the thorn; each leaf furvey'd Which Autumn from the ruftling forest shakes, And mark'd its shape, and trac'd in the rude wind Its eddying motion. Nature in his hand

A pencil,

A pencil, dip'd in her own colours, plac'd,

With which the ever-faithful copyist drew

Each seature in proportion just. Had Art

But soften'd the hard lines, and mellow'd down

The glaring tints, not Mincio's self would roll

A prouder stream than Caledonian Tweed.

One bard of freedom only. While the North

Turns his broad canvass, his Siberian van,

Winnowing the noxious air; while luxury breathes

Delicious odours o'er her treacherous meal;

While labour strings the nerves, and warms the blood;

While social sympathy dissolves the soul

In pity, or in love, shall Armstrong please.

Sweet is the sound, when down the sloping side

Of some green hill, or on the scented herb

Steep'd in Aurora's aromatic dews. The full-voic'd choir their emulative notes Tune to the jocund horn. Whoe'er thou art Whom now on downy couch dull floth detains, Hark to the poet's fong. Chafte Dian's bard, Avonian Somerville, thro many a wood, Down many a craggy steep, shall hurry on Thy glowing fancy. He shall shew thee where The amphibious otter, where the wily fox Hides his proscribed head. Fresh from the chace Oft shall some hunter o'er full bowls record His verse, and with the faithful image fir'd Exalt his loud-ton'd voice. The ecchoing hall, Where blaze the roots of elm, or oak, where round Hang all the shaggy trophies of the field, Shall ring responsive to the vocal strain.

As when red lightning cleaves the clouded fky, Trees, rocks, and verdant fields, and ftraw-roof'd cots, At once are open'd on the traveller's view Wandering at latest eve; but soon again The pierc'd cloud closes, and each object finks In darkness, as before, so burst the strains, And cast a transient gleam, O musing Young, O'er black obseurity. Poet of night, How shall I stile thee? for thy cadence now Grates difcord on mine ear, now sweetly flows Harmonious: oft with wonder have I fought What mean the words ambiguous; oft my foul, Sooth'd by thy penfive minftrelfy, forgets Her peevish censure. Polish what is rude, Illumine what is dark, whate'er is low

Exalt,

Exalt, and many a muse of fairer same

To thee shall bend the laurels of her brow.

Come, AKENSIDE, come with thine Attic urn

Fill'd from Ilyffus by a Naïd's * hand.

Thy harp was tun'd to freedom: strains like thine,

When Asia's lord bor'd the huge mountain's side,

And bridg'd the sea, to battle rous'd the tribes

Of ancient Greece: the sons of Cecrops rais'd

Minerva's ægis; Lacedæmon sent

Her hardy veterans from their frugal board,

Thy troops, Leonidas; whose glorious death

Stands ay renown'd, sit theme, in British song.

Tell me, O Mason, will thy liberal soul

Alluding to the Hymn to the Naids,

Manager States a Country States of

With tame submission hug the chain, and brook Barbarian bondage? Shall the Muse, who led Thy youthful steps thro every bolky bourn That skirts wide Harewood's forest, and before Thy raptur'd eye rais'd Mona's central oak, Haunt of the Druids old, implore in vain? Wilt thou not join, and from her gall'd feet shake The Northern shackle? So to every walk That thro thy garden weaves its mazy path, To every opening glade, each odorous shrub That scents the horizon round, shall she conduct Her mufing votary; fo shall she unfold Rude nature polish'd, not fubdued, by art, Scenes, where thy fancy roves; and all her flowers Steep in the living fountains of the spring, To wreathe a chaplet for her poet's brow.

Would

Would I could name thee, GRAY! but Ode is thine. And plaintive Elegy. Not Pindar foars On bolder wing-But hark! what means that bell At this ftill hour flow rifing on mine ear? It is the voice of death . Even while I write, Cold icy dew-drops chill thy languid limbs, And life's short date is out. From these high spires, "These antique towers, that erown the watry glade," These fields, that ecchoed to thy moral muse, Warbling in childhood's happiest hour, accept This boon; and, O fweet melancholy bard, Rest to thy cares, and mercy to thy soul! Return, my Muse; thy wild, unsetter'd strains, Suit not the mournful dirge. Rhyme tunes the pipe

Muo VI

avellock in sould

This was written at the time of Mr. Gray's death. He was buried at Stoke, about three miles from Eton College.

Of querulous elegy; 'tis rhyme confines The lawless numbers of the lyric song. Who shall deny the quick-retorted found To fatire, when with this the points her fcorn, Darts her keen shaft, or whets her venom'd fang? Pent in the close of some frong period stands The victim's blafted name: The kindred note First stamps it on the ear; then oft recalls To memory, what were better wrapt at once In dark oblivion. Still unrivall'd here Pope thro his rich dominion reigns alone: POPE, whose immortal strains Thames ecchoes yet Thro all his winding banks. He smooth'd the verse, Tun'd its foft cadence to the claffic ear. And gave to rhyme the dignity of fong.

* A

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T.

at

* As when the chearful bells fome wake proclaim,
The village maid loads not her head with gems,
Ruby, or diamond, but from every field
Culls daffadills, and harebells, fprent with dew,
Her lovelieft ornaments, in humble ftile
Let Paftoral appear. Let rhyme supply
The majesty of nobler sentiment,
Which ill might suit the peasant. Gay felt this;
And banish'd from his woods Arcadian swains,
And mark'd the manners of the British hind,
And uncouth dialect. He too could veil
In fable's mystic garb the form of truth;
And by his sprightly tale could often draw

* Boileau, L'Art Poetique.

The tear of laughter even from the dim eye.

Of churlish gravity. Nor be forgot

The grotesque mirth of BUTLER's errant Knight,

Nor Swift, strange child of fancy, and of spleen,

Nor he, whose labour'd line flows smoothly on,

The gallant, easy Prior. Subjects light,

Swoln by heroic phrase, like some poor slave,

Who, robed in royal mantle, struts his hour,

Betray their base original the more.

Pardon, my Anstey, that I name thee last,

Tho last, not least in same. For thee the Muse

Reserv'd a secret spot, unknown before,

And smiled, and bade thee six thy banner there,

As erst Columbus on his new-found world

Display'd the Iberian ensign. Graceful sit

Thy golden chains, and easy slows the rhyme

Spontaneous. While old Bladud's sceptre guards His medicinal stream. shall Simkin raise Loud peals of merriment. Thou too canft foar To nobler heights, and deck the fragrant earth "Where generous Ruffel lies." With thee, my friend, Oft have I stray'd from morn to latest eve, And foln from balmy fleep the midnight hour To court the Latian Mufe. The other cares Tore me from that fweet focial intercourse, I cannot but remember how I roy'd By Cadmus, fedgy stream, and on the pipe, The ruftic pipe to while yet it breath'd thy lips. Estay'd alternate strains. Accept this verse, Pledge of remembrance dear, and faithful love.

ASSTRICTED TO

This alludes to a Latin translation of "Gray's Elegy in a Country "Church yard," written in conjunction with Mr. Ansley, and printed in 1762.

† πλιει τά σὰ χέιλεα. Μος κ.

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POOR MAN'S PRAYER

ADDRESSED TO

THE EARL OF CHATHAM.

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STATE OF THE STATE

ANELEGY.

FIRST PUBLISHED IN 1766.

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THE RESERVE OF STREET

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THE BARLOR CHATHAM:

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O O R M A N's

RAYER, &c.

MIDST the more important toils of state, The counsels labouring in thy patriot foul, Tho Europe from thy voice expect her fate, And thy keen glance extend from pole to pole,

> O CHAT-I 3

O CHATHAM, nurs'd in ancient virtue's lore,

To these sad strains incline a favouring ear;

Think on the God, whom Thou, and I adore,

Nor turn unpitying from the Poor Man's Prayer.

Ah me! how bleft was once a peafant's life!

No lawless passion swell'd my even breast;

Far from the roaring waves of civil strife,

Sound were my slumbers, and my heart at rest.

I ne'er for guilty, painful pleasures rov'd,

But taught by nature, and by choice to wed,

From all the hamlet cull'd whom best I lov'd,

With her I shared my heart, with her my bed.

To gild her worth I aik'd no wealthy dower,

My toil could feed her, and my arm defend;

envied no man's riches, no man's power,

I aik'd of none to give, of none to lend.

And fhe, the faithful partner of my care,

When ruddy evening streak'd the western sky,

Look'd towards the uplands, if her mate was there,

Or thro the beech-wood cast an anxious eye:

Then, careful matron, heap'd the maple board.

With favoury herbs, and pick'd the nicer part.

From such plain food as nature could afford,

Ere simple nature was debauch'd by art.

While I, contented with my homely cheer,

Saw round my knees our prattling children play;

And oft with pleas'd attention fat to hear

The little history of their idle day,

But ah! how chang'd the scene! on the cold stones,

Where wont at night to blaze the chearful fire,

Pale famine sits, and counts her naked bones,

Still sighs for food, still pines with vain desire,

My faithful wife with ever-streaming eyes

Hangs on my bosom her dejected head;

My helpless infants raise their feeble cries,

And from their father claim their daily bread.

Dear tender pledges of my honest love,

On that bare bed behold your brother lie;

Three tedious days with pinching want he strove,

The fourth, I saw the helpless cherub die.

Nor long shall ye remain. With visage sour

Our tyrant lord commands us from our home;

And arm'd with cruel law's coercive power

Bids me and mine o'er barren mountains roam,

Yet never, CHATHAM, have I pass'd a day
In riot's orgies, or in idle ease;
Ne'er have I squander'd hours in sport and play,
Nor wish'd a pamper'd appetite to please,

Hard was my fare, and conflant was my toil,

Still with the morning's orient light I role,

Fell'd the front oak, or rais'd the lofty pile,

Parch'd in the fun, in dark December froze,

Is it, that nature with a niggard hand

Withholds her gifts from these once-favour'd plains?

Has God, in vengeance to a guilty land,

Sent dearth and samine to her labouring swains?

Ah, no; you hill, where daily sweats my brow,

A thousand flocks, a thousand herds adorn;

You field, where late I drove the painful plough,

Feels all her acres crown'd with bending corn.

But what avails, that o'er the furrow'd foil

In autumn's heat the yellow harvests rife,

If artificial want elude my toil,

Untasted plenty wound my craving eyes?

What profits, that at distance I behold

My wealthy neighbour's fragrant smoke ascend,

If still, the griping cormorants withhold

The fruits which rain and genial seasons send?

Yet unrelenting on our bowels prey;

If still the curse of penury we feel,

And in the midst of plenty pine away?

In every port the vessel rides secure,

That wasts our harvest to a foreign shore;

While we the pangs of pressing want endure,

The sons of strangers riot on our store,

O generous CHATHAM, stop those fatal sails,
Once more with outstretch'd arm thy Britons save;
The unheeding crew but waits for favouring gales,
O stop them, e'er they stem the Etrurian wave.

So may thy languid limbs with strength be brac'd,
And glowing health support thy active soul;
With fair renown thy public virtue grac'd,
Far as thou bad'st Britannia's thunder roll,

Then joy to thee, and to thy children peace,

The grateful hind shall drink from plenty's horn:

And while they share the cultur'd land's increase,

The Poor shall bless the day when PITT was born.

f see !

THAMINA

ARIMANT and TAMIRA.

AN

EASTERN TALE.

In the Manner of DRYDEN's FABLES.

Corrected from an Edition, first Published in M.DCC.LVII.

ARIMANT and TAMERA.

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EASTERNTALE

In the Mariner of DRYDEN'S FAREES.

Convect from an Edition, feel Publified in

ARIMANT and TAMIRA*:

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To every country, weather or degree :

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Making his son animal pacient for

So gazarous mas this pri NoA his come to fruc

EASTERN TALE.

HERE rich Golconda flames with mines of gold,

There liv'd, as authors tell, in days of old,

A prince of noble birth, and mighty fame,

Brave, wife, and good; Yamodin was his name.

Thro all the East, o'er Asia's wide domain,

Like him no monarch knew the art to reign.

* This tale is taken from a Paper in the Adventurer.

If to the field his valiant troops he led, Before his arm united nations fled : And when fair peace return'd ('twas peace he lov'd His just decrees all fought, for all approv'd. So generous was this prince his court fo free To every country, worship, or degree; So fplendid was his train; fo deck'd his board With all that earth, or air, or feas afford; That diffant nations join'd with one confent To ftyle Yamodin, the Magnificent Twelve years were over, fince his lovely bride Was fnatch'd untimely from this monarch's fide. Of all his numerous race, fo fate ordain'd, To fill Golconda's throne no fon remain'd. One only daughter heaven vouchfaf'd to spare, One only daughter was his darling care.

In her the father oft would weep to trace

The living features of a dearer face;

In her would gaze on his loft confort's charms,

And clasp the faithful image in his arms.

This nymph of whom I speak, this gentle maid,

(Whose charms should ne'er decay, nor virtues sade).

If ought my humble verse might raise to same, have was call'd Tamira from her mother's name.

In modest mien, in dignity of air,

Where was the virgin could with her compare;

In whom at once were join'd whate'er can please

Of grace, of motion, elogance, and ease?

Fair as she was, and daughter of a throne,

Soon was her same to neighbouring nations known.

From neighbouring nations rival princes strove

To win Tamira's heart, and gain her love.

As

NAME OF

As each excell'd in fortune, arms, address,

Some woo'd with bribes, and some with gentleness:

Some told her tales of battles lost and won,

And bloody sields on t'other side the sun.

From rich Indostan wealthy monarchs came,

And kings of Visapour, a mighty name.

But good Yamodin soon compos'd the strife,

And vow'd no stranger e'er should call her wise;

Lest sam'd Golconda, once of high renown,

Should shine a jewel in some foreign crown.

And yet, what broils may vex Tamira's reign,
Should she a queen still unespous'd remain?

Some haughty prince, she once refus'd to wed,
May drag her captive to her conqueror's bed.

Or grant the Gods her happy days may bless
In peace with justice, and in arms, success;

What hand, when the's no more, the state shall sway?

What chief the headlong populace obey?

Perhaps, while rival lords aspire to reign,

Th' unpeopled land may weep her children slain:

Or some proud Raja lead up all his powers,

And level with the dust Golconda's lofty towers,

What then remains but foon to match the fair,
And from her father's court adopt an heir?
Some youth, whose arm the finking realm may save;
And who so sit, as Arimant the brave?
To powerful kings was Arimant allied,
And, next their monarch, was the people's pride.
Oft from his eye the tear of pity stole,
For soft his heart, tho' dauntless was his soul.
Oft had he check'd his arm the soe to spare,
And wept when victor at the chance of war.

Long

[134]

Long had this youth conceal'd a pleasing pain,

Long fair Tamera lov'd, but lov'd in vain;

For the Tamera burnt with equal fire,

Yet still she dreaded, as she lov'd her fire.

Now scenes of rapture open to their view

So like a dream, they scarce believe them true.

Fixt for their nuptials is the joyful day;

For life's uncertain pleasures soon decay,

And bliss that wooes our hand 'tis madness to delay.

O happy pair! for you thro all the court

'Tis feafting, dancing, jollity, and sport!

But ah! the short-liv'd joys shall soon be o'er,

And mirth's wild revelry be heard no more!

Forth from the sickly South's contagious breath

Comes the dire Pestilence, and scatters death:

She flands, and throws her deadly poisons round, With stride gigantic covering all the ground. Vain is the voice of grief: in vain the cries Of widows, mothers, orphans pierce the fkies. Ten nights in vain the watchful Bramin prays, In vain observes the sun ten tedious days. What the whole weeks with still-uplifted hands Each fad Faquir in painful suppliance stands; What, the to hallow'd groves the faint retires, And in his bofom clasos the facred fires; A ffronger poison taints the noisome air, And mighty RAM diffains his votary's prayer. What ranfom then can angry heaven demand? What facrifice can fave a guilty land? Oft could the blood of royal virgins spare Their lives in famine, and their troops in war;

Who

Who knows but now, the offended Gods require

Some royal virgin should again expire?

Swift thro the crowd the voice of transport slies,

- A royal virgin, every tongue replies;
- "The facred rites prepare; a royal virgin dies."

Soon the fad tidings reach'd Yamodin's ear;

Twas what Tamedin long had learnt to fear.

What shall he do? No virgin but his own

Speechless he stood: at length recovering said,

(And check'd a tear he feem'd asham'd to shed,)

- " What had I done, that I was doom'd to reign,
- ' Curs'd to this fad pre-eminence of pain?
- " How bleft the flave, who plac'd beneath a crown,
- Shrinks at my nod, and trembles at my frown!

; new miniposes hould been designed on event the He

- He undisturb'd, his infant babes can fee
- Smile in his face, or wanton on his knee:
- He fits fecure, and calls them all his own;
- "Their blood a people's guilt can ne'er attone.
- But I-(O King, is this thy envied state?)
- One only daughter must resign to fate.
- ' Can I forget how to these arms she flew,
- And told me every idle tale fhe knew?
- For yet a child, with each affection free,
- Her little love was lavish'd all on me.
- Duty matur'd what nature taught before,
- And growing years increas'd her fondness more.
- Yet she must die. O thou, at whose command
- Golconda weeps, O fave a finking land!
- Accept that life, for which her country calls,
- 'TAMIRA's life-'tis thine-to thee the falls.'

The vow is past, when lo! the nymph appears;

Nor wild complaint she pours, nor silent tears:

But calm content, mild joy, and heavenly grace

Shed their sweet radiance o'er her lovely face.

At the sad sight again the parent's breast

Each tender thought with tenfold force posses'd:

All sear of injur'd heaven his soul forsook;

And, 'No; thou shalt not die;' was all he spoke.

'And canst thou see me live,' TAMIRA said,

- With all a people's curses on my head?
- 6 Of me shall every orphan ask a fire?
- 6 Of me each mother a loft fon require?
- 6 Of me shall every wife her lord implore?
- Die, die, TAMIRA; lord, fire, fon, reftore,
- Yes, yes, I go to heal a nation's wound;
- * A grateful nation shall my praise resound:

- The decent matron, each revolving year,
- Shall o'er my aftes thed a pious tear;
- The Branins too, as feaftful days return,
- Shall hang the golden tiffue on mine urn;
- On which with curious fkill some artist draws
- A princess bleeding in her country's cause. . bast and
- Calm and undaunted to those realms I go,
- Where virtuous fouls a happier manfion know;
- 'Thence foon, if ought of truth our fages fay,
- Burst forth triumphant and return to day!
 - 'Then be it so; and thus;' the monarch said,
- Thus to grim death I doom thy guiltless head. The
- 'Thou heard'st, my child, a parent's voice before,
- Now hear thy prince; the parent is no more.
- Prepare; to-morrow, virgin, is the day
- When thou to beaven thy forfeit life must pay:

Virgin,

- · Virgin, prepare; myself the rites will speed,
- . Conduct the pomp, and fee the victim bleed.

Then round her bending neck his arms he threw,

Embrac'd her thrice, and thrice pronounc'd, adieu.

Where now is ARIMANT? what art can fave
His fond, his lov'd TAMIRA from the grave?
All wild, and frantick to the crowd he flies;
Still the mad crowd, a royal victim, cries,

Thence, reckless where he went, in mere despair

He fought the court, for all he lov'd was there.

He found TAMIRA with extatic eyes,

And hands erect, commercing with the skies.

Her foul, refin'd from paffion's base alloy,

Seem'd wrapt in visions of seraphic joy:

Thus fixt she stood, and breath'd her fervent pray'r;

He, with a look of love, and wild despair,

Pargin,

O'er her enamour'd hung in filent grief;

No tear burft forth to give his foul relief:

Then, when a figh the obstructed passage broke,

Fondly he press'd her hand, and gently spoke.

- And is it thus my fairest hopes are cross'd?
- ' My scenes of bliss, are thus the phantoms lost?
- Oh, no! we cannot, must not, will not part!
- Come, let me clasp thee to my doating heart.
- ' Not look, my love,—'tis ARIMANT is near:
- 'Not speak-'tis ARIMANT's fond voice you hear !'
- Go, go, vain man,' at length TAMIRA said,
- ' For I am fentenc'd to another's bed,
- The clay-cold grave shall clasp me in his arms,
- 'The worm shall riot on these lifeless charms.
- ' Go, go, vain man; the Gods demand my breath,
- 'My King has pass'd the vow, and welcome death!"

er

- ' Yet still,' the youth replied, 'yet still remains
- One gleam of hope, one medicine for our pains:
- Let's instant wed; that when the priest shall stand,
- And o'er thee raife his unrelenting hand;
- Myself may fnatch thee from the altar's side,
- No more a virgin, but a lawful bride.
- The hour that fav'd his child thy fire will blefs,
- And date from this fad day his future happiness!
 - ' No, I will die,' the royal maid replied;
- Leave me; for fure my heart is forely tried.
- Yet flay, and hear my laft, my parting prayer,
- 'May'ft thou be happy in another fair!
- When she ('twas once my wish) thy hours beguiles
- With sweet complacence, and obedient smiles,
- ' May'ft thou transported read her beauties o'er,
- And never think of poor TAMIRA more.

But should I tell how much the lover said To woo his miffress to the bridge bed Or how TAMIRA, melting by degrees, the transition of the W Thought death more grim, as life began to pleafe: I All this would firetch the limits of my fong. And well I ween my tale's already long. By vows, by fighs, by tears, the prince prevailed Her thirst of fame, her patriot courage fail'd The priest all trembling spoke the bleffing o'er, And join'd their hands, whose hearts were join'd before Now evening shades had chas'd the fun away. And filent gloom eclips'd the lamp of day. Thro that still gloom the Muse nor pours her light, Nor pries into the mysteries of the night. She waits till morn from yonder hill arise To wake the verdant earth, and chear the skies.

ut

Nor stops she now, to tell the long array Of priests, and nobles, darkening all the way; What hymns the virgins fung, what tears they shed, To weep the living princess, as the dead; But opes the facred shrine with magic hands, Where at the altar's foot the deftin'd victim stands. Veil'd in his robe, the monarch turns aside; Nor knows be yet TAMIRA is a bride. The labouring Bramin with extatic stare, His eyes all haggard, and erect his hair, Lifts o'er the virgin's neck his facred knife;

- Spare her,' cries ARIMANT, 'O spare my wife,
- Golconda's injur'd Gods demand a virgin life.'

As ere hoarse thunders rend the troubled sky, Ere lightning's forked darts begin to fly,

A gloomy filence reigns o'er all the air; Yet horrors dark the approaching form declare: So filent long the offended monarch flood, But on his brow was feen the gathering cloud. Silent he left the fhrine. Now, haplefs bride, How dost thou wish the nuptial knot untied! Yet on thyfelf no thought haft thou to spare; The gentle ARIMANT is all thy care. . Prophetic are thy fears: for lo! a band (Each bears a falchion glittering in his hand,) Of trufty guards, with threatening voice they cry, This hour let ARIMANT prepare to die! Thus spake the favage ministers of fate, And drag'd him struggling to the prison gate. Soon as TAMIRA heard the fatal found, All pale the lay, and breathless on the ground.

At

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At length the ftarts, the wakes: I fee her rife,

And round the temple throw her anxious eyes.

Ah! poor TAMIRA, close those eyes again;

- Thy ARIMANT is gone. The griping chain
- ' Has fix'd that gallant warrior to the ground;
- Supine he lies, and waits the fatal wound.

Her confort's doom when fad TAMERA knew,

Swift to the presence of her sire she slew:

He saw her come, but look'd aside, and frown'd;

He saw her kneel, nor rais'd her from the ground.

- Save him, O fave my love,' the mourner faid,
- ' Pour all thy vengeance on this wretched head.
- ' I, only I, have finn'd; my blood alone
- 'That guilt can expiate, which is all my own.
- Perhaps the Gods may yet accept my life,
- No spotless virgin, but a loyal wife.

" When

- When these poor weeping eyes shall sleep in peace,
- Perhaps the infatiate pestilence may cease.
- If to your foul my mother's name was dear, 10/1
- If e'er your daughter's voice could charm your ear,
- If e'er affection's tender ties could move, has sold?
- O kill TAMIRA; but O fave my love.

To all her plaints no word the king replied,

But wav'd his hand; and thus again the bride.

- Since he must die, one only wish is mine;
- Let the same um our mingled dust enshrine.
- Fearless I'll rush to class him in the fire,
- And in his arms a faithful wife expire. In 1990 1014
- ' Happy the dame of Coromandel's coast !
- She never there laments a hufband loft;
- But with his ashes to one grave descends,
- Her faith applauded by furrounding friends : 4 had

- O'er her, while yet alive, those friends prolong
- 'The feftive dances, and triumphal fong.
- Nor does Geleenda to her brides deny
- With their lov'd lords in funeral pomp to lie.
- But ah ! while others with their conforts fleep,
- Why should the royal widow live, and weep?
- ' Full well I know, Yamedin, to furvive
- A husband lost is our prerogative;
- Yet let me die; and dying let me prove
- 'That royal hearts are not asham'd to love.'

Nor even her instant death can make his heart relent.

Now to young ARIMANT the muse teturns;

Still hopeless ARIMANT in prison mourns.

Chain'd on the ground the proftrate warrior lies,

And with despair, and rage indignant cries;

Thus

- Thus does our king his loyal foldiers pay,
- " Who toil'd for him in many a well-fought day?
- ' Have I for this fo oft diffain'd thy flood,
- O Ganges, facred stream, with hostile blood?
- ' Did I for this Bengala's monarch wound,
- And cleave his hundred Omrahs to the ground?
- ' Ere yet an hour, this heart, of life the feat,
- Dry'd all its channels, shall forget to beat!
- Nor thou, TAMERA, whom the rites divine,
- Had tyrants mercy, made for ever mine,
- Nor thou TAMIRA shalt attend my doom,
- And lay thy murder'd hulband in the tomb.'

 Scarce had he spoke, when fair TAMIRA came,

And heard her ARIMANT repeat her name.

- ' Yes, yes, my ARIMANT, I go,' The cries,
- To wait on all thy funeral obsequies;

- Yes, I will see thee fall, yet mark my love,
- Think not a tear TAMIRA's faith shall prove;
- 'Think not I'll hang lamenting o'er thine urn,
- And thence to life, and life's vain joys, return;
- No, ARIMANT; with thee I mean to die:
- What grants my father, will my love deny?'

 But now the hour was come; the trufty band,

That seiz'd him first, his forfeit life demand.

- Oftay, ye cruel, flay,' TAMIRA cries,
- Let me once more embrace him, ere he dies.
- And must he die !-Oh! no; again I'll go,
- Again, (he will not still despise my woe,)
- 'Kneel at my father's feet .- Stay, cruel, flay;
- Touch not my love befure, while I'm away.'-

Thus she distracted. But the youth, who saw.
How reason bow'd to love's superior law,

Saw passion all her boasted strength controul,

With words of comfort calm'd her troubled soul.

Now, but my bark is hastening to the shore,

I'd count the croud, and tell the legions o'er,

That wait to see their best-lov'd heroe fall,

Each sigh I'd number, and each groan recall:

But the sad pomp I pass in silence by.

Short was his parting prayer: to that, what eye

The tear of honest pity could deny?

With unaverted look, with soul serene

He view'd the horrors of this satal scene;

And at one stroke was number'd with the dead.

TAMIRA faw his trunk all drench'd in blood, And pauling o'er his yet-warm relicks stood.

LA

Stretch'd to the lifted fleel his graceful head,

Then

Then from a golden urn began to pour

Fresh water o'er his limbs, and cleanse the clotted gore.

With her own hair she wip'd each stain away,

And kiss'd a thousand times th' unconscious clay.

'Haste, O ye lingering Bramins, haste,' she said;

Strait on the pyre his breathless corpse was laid.

- There myrrh, and coffly frankincense she threw,

 Each fragrant herb that drinks the morning dew,

 Sweet-smelling woods that odorous gums exhale,

 And spices, scented by the Arabian gale.

 Then to the pile a flaming torch applied,

 Stretch'd out her naked arms, and wildly cried:
 - ' I come, I come-what means that hollow groan?
 - 'Nay, ARIMANT, you shall not lie alone.
 - Chide not, my love; TAMIRA will not stay;
 - We'll mount together to the realms of day:

Together

Together to celestial climes we'll foat,

Where cruel fathers ne'er shall part us more. She faid, and rushing to the impetuous fire. Embrac'd her confort on the blazing pyre. There, foon to dust confum'd, the lovers lav : Part the rude winds bore unperceiv'd away: One urn inclos'd the rest: resounding fame To earth's remotest bounds convey'd their name. Reft, faithful lovers, at each other's fide, Whose lasting union death could ne'er divide. O could the Muse shed odors on your tomb, Sweet as the balms which Eastern vales perfume! Sweet as the flowrets of a thousand dyes That deck the ground, where * Sigismonda lies.

Alluding to Dryden's tale of Sigismonda and Guiscards.

Yet, friendly passenger, one boon I crave;

Pray you tread softly o'er their peaceful grave.

By you, fond swains, a passing sigh be paid

To gentle Arimant's unhappy shade.

And ye, soft nymphs, whose sorrows oft o'erslow

At the sad story of another's woe,

Your kind concern let poor Tamira prove,

And read with tenderest tears, her tale of hapless love,

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JACOB BRYANT, Efq.

I.

HE Sophist spins his subtle thread;
On liberty and fate,

With heart depray'd, and puzzled head,

Prolongs the dull debate;

Till Virtue, Truth, his Saviour, and his God,

By Metaphysic's mighty lore

18 91941 17 173

At once lose all their effence, all their power,
Charm'd to eternal sleep by that magician's rod.

II.

Was time, was genius given,

To darken by dishonest arts

The clear decrees of heaven?

Tell me, my Bryant, burns not all thy soul

With indignation's holy zeal?

Tell me, thou Patriot of the Christian weal,

Feel'st not, secure thyself, what dangers wait the Whole?

Of God to Man, is thine:

And all thy nights, and all thy days

In Truth's neglected mine,

By thee discover'd in these later times,

Thine hand digs deep for solid ore,

The hard-earn'd treasure speeds to many a shore,

And claims its honour due, the praise of distant climes.

III.

IV. Where'er

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IV.

Where'er thou com'ft, discerning Sage, and I

Detected Falshood flies; ill fall and fall

The fanctified by many an lage, which would be

The creed of Centuries, and and and alaile

Thy torch is rais'd, and lo! the historic Muse

Rears from the dust her mangled head,

Tells the true story of her mighty dead,

And thro each peopled land her wandering tribes purfues.

V.

Now stronger grows the blaze of light;

The darkness melts away and said short at

Which wrapt Ægyptian realms in night,

And long obfcur'd their day

In vain from Ham's wife fons did Greece of old

Aspire to tear Invention's crown;

In vain she hoped to fix a fure renown

On tales of dragon's teeth, and fabled fleece of gold;

VI.

The charm is o'er. Thou to her foured

Thou marking all her winding course

From prejudice, imbibed in earliest youth;

And sweeping all the mists away

Which Fiction rais'd to lead thy steps aftray,

Firm on her blazing throne shalt fix Historic Trush.

VII.

Proceed, my friend; so shalt thou find

In these dark paths thy God:

His works, his word, with steady mind

From stern oppression's rod,

From quibbling words, from lying lips retrieve;

And while thou talk'st of ancient days

Till Sceptics cease to doubt, and Infidels believe.

To Take the same of the

The second design of the factor

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and the second policy and we would

heat has drive you to departing not past that

Algorithm of a last or exact grown and that I

On his Leaving ETON SCHOOL.

Since manhood dawning, to fair Granta's towers,
Where once in life's gay fpring I loved to roam,
Invites thy willing steps; accept, dear youth,
This parting strain; accept the servent prayer
Of him, who loves thee with a passion pure
As ever Friendship drop'd in human heart,
The prayer, that he who guides the hand of youth

Thre

Thro all the puzzled and perplexed round

Of life's meandring path, upon thy head

May shower down every blessing, every joy,

Which health, which virtue, and which same can give.

Yet think not, I will deign to flatter thee;

Shall he, the guardian of thy faith and truth,

The guide, the pilot of thy tender years,

Teach thy young heart to feel a spurious glow

At undeserved praise? Perish the slave

Whose venal breath in youth's unpractis'd ear

Pours poison'd flattery, and corrupts the soul

With vain conceit; whose base ungenerous art

Fawns on the vice, which some with honest hand

Have torn for ever from the bleeding breast.

Say, gentle youth, remember'st thou the day

When o'er thy tender shoulders first I hung

The golden lyre, and taught thy trembling hand To touch the accordant strings? From that bleft hour I've feen thee panting up the hill of fame; Thy little heart beat high with honest praise. Thy cheek was flush'd, and oft thy sparkling eye Shot flames of young ambition. Never quench That generous ardour in thy virtuous breaft. Sweet is the concord of harmonious founds, When the foft lute, or pealing organ strikes The well-attempered ear; fweet is the breath Of honest love, when nymph and gentle swain Waft fighs alternate to each others heart; But nor the concord of harmonious founds When the foft lute, or pealing organ strikes The well-attemper'd ear; nor the fweet breath Of honest love, when nymph and gentle swain

Waft

ae

Waft sight alternate to each others heart,

So charm with ravishment the raptured sense,

As does the voice of well-deserved report

Strike with sweet melody the conscious soul.

On every object thro the giddy world

Which fashion to thy dazzled eye presents,

Fresh is the gloss of newness; look, dear youth,

Oh look, but not admire: O let not these
Rase from thy noble heart the fair records

Which youth and education planted there:

Let not affection's full impetuous tide,

Which riots in thy generous breast, be check'd

By selfish cares; nor let the side jeers

Of laughing sools make thee forget thyself.

When didst thou hear a tender tale of woe,

And seel thy heart at rest? Have I not seen

In thy fwoln eye the tear of fympathy, The milk of human kindness? When didft thou With envy rankling, hear a rival prais'd? When didft thou flight the wretched? when defpife The modest humble suit of poverty? These virtues still be thine; nor ever learn To look with cold eye on the charities Of brother, or of parents; think on those Whose anxious care thro childhood's slippery path Sustain'd thy feeble steps; whose every wish Is wafted still to thee; remember those, Even in thy heart while memory holds her feat, And oft as to thy mind thou shalt recall The fweet companions of thy earliest years, Mates of thy sport, and rivals in the strife Of every generous art, remember me.

FINIS

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In the Course of next Winter will be Published,

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